



# Sustainable Groundwater Management Act Workshop

September 2018

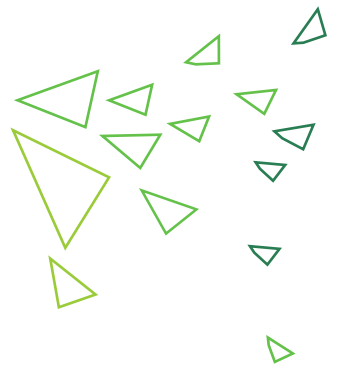


# Tulare Irrigation District

Changes in Management & Staff

## General Manager

Aaron Fukuda



## District Engineer

Bill Sario

## Assistant Engineer

Jeremy Barroll



# 2018 Tulare ID Surface Water Run



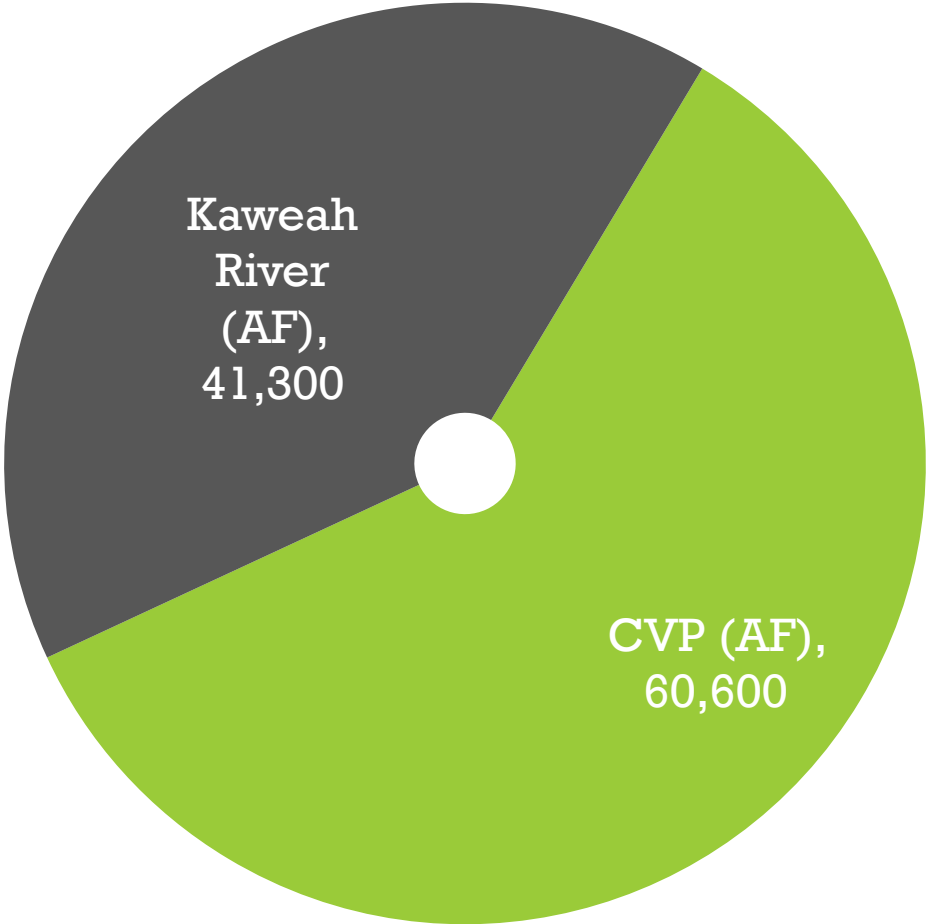
101,900 AF

*Total Surface Water Diverted to the District*



56,000 AF (54%)

*Water Delivered to Farm Turnouts*



## 2017 Water Year:

Total Surface Water:	400,000 AF
Farm Turnout:	171,500 AF
Groundwater Recharge:	220,000 AF



45,900 AF (45%)

*Water Delivered for Groundwater Recharge*

# Tulare Irrigation District Groundwater Chapters



**Late 1800's**

Plentiful Underground  
Supplies, Surface Water  
Developing but Unstable



**1920's**

**Running Short**

1<sup>st</sup> Way Out: Deeper  
Wells



**1940's**

**Groundwater  
Supplies Unstable**

2<sup>nd</sup> Way Out: Surface  
Water Projects such as  
CVP, Terminus Dam, SWP



**1990's**

**CVP/SWP  
Supplies Eroding  
& Pumping  
Accelerates**

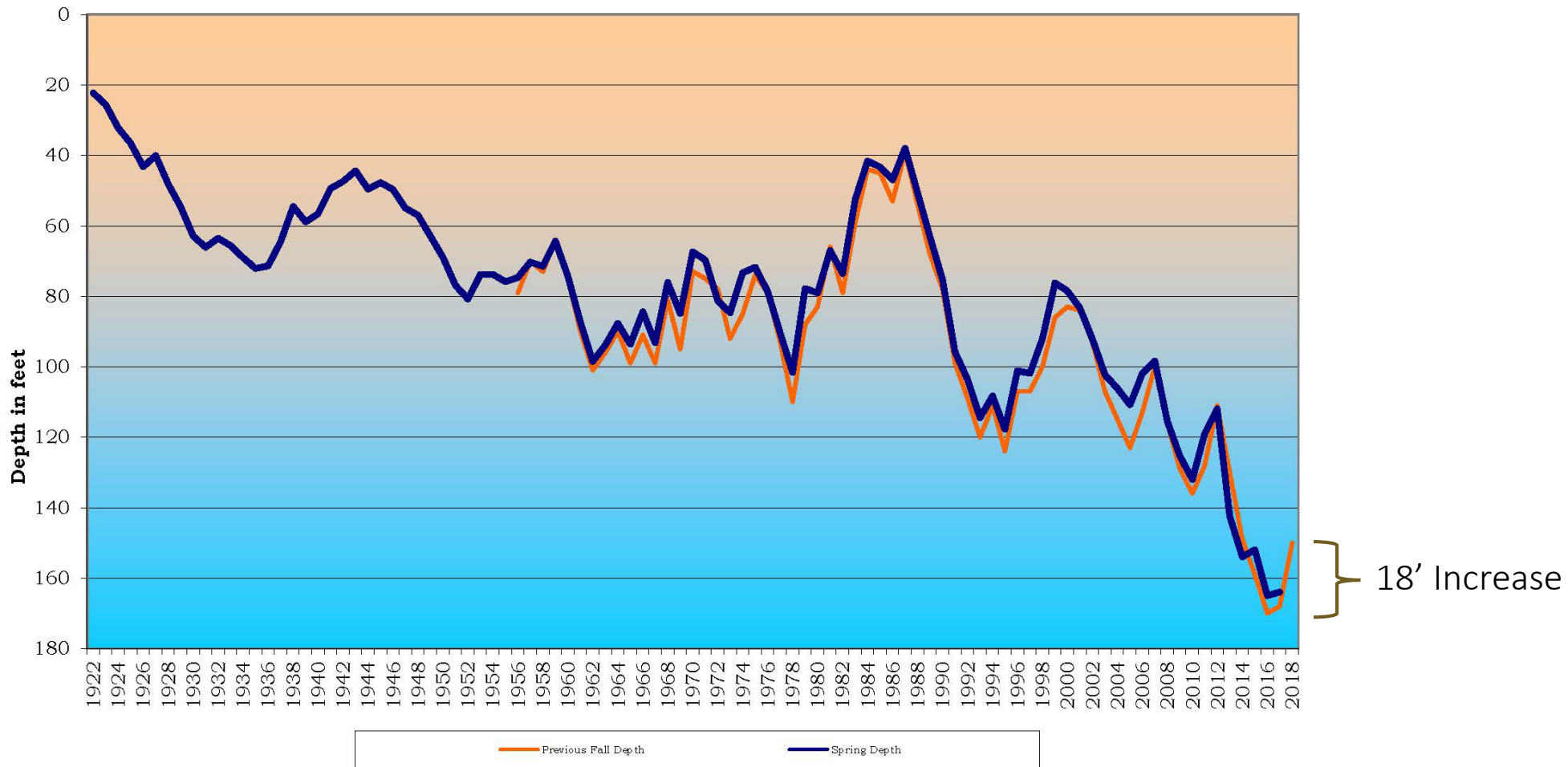
3<sup>rd</sup> Way Out: Capitalize on  
Wet-Year Surface Water  
Resources (Groundwater  
Recharge)



**2014**

**Sustainable  
Groundwater  
Management Act**

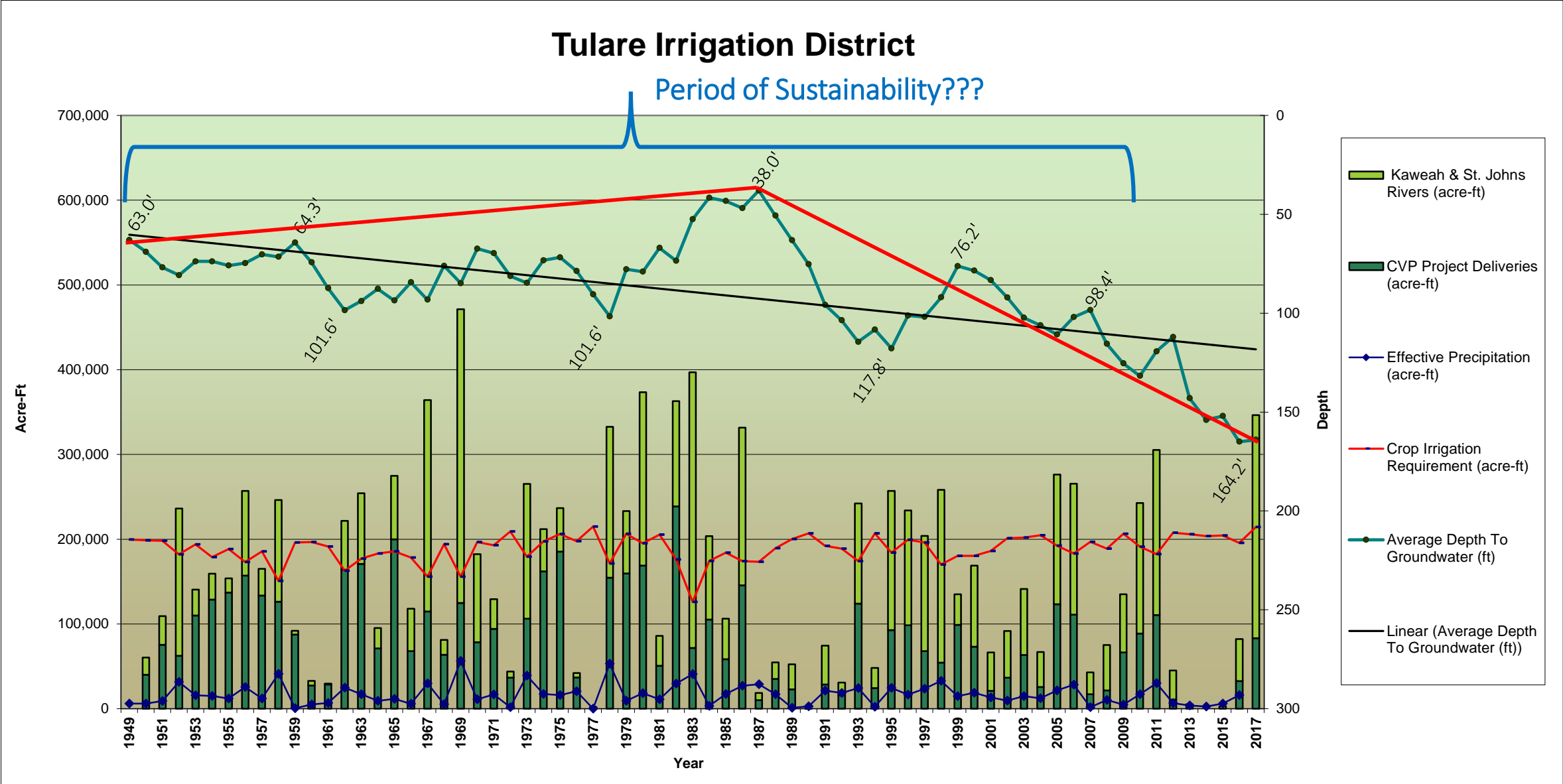




1922 – 2017 historical depth to groundwater



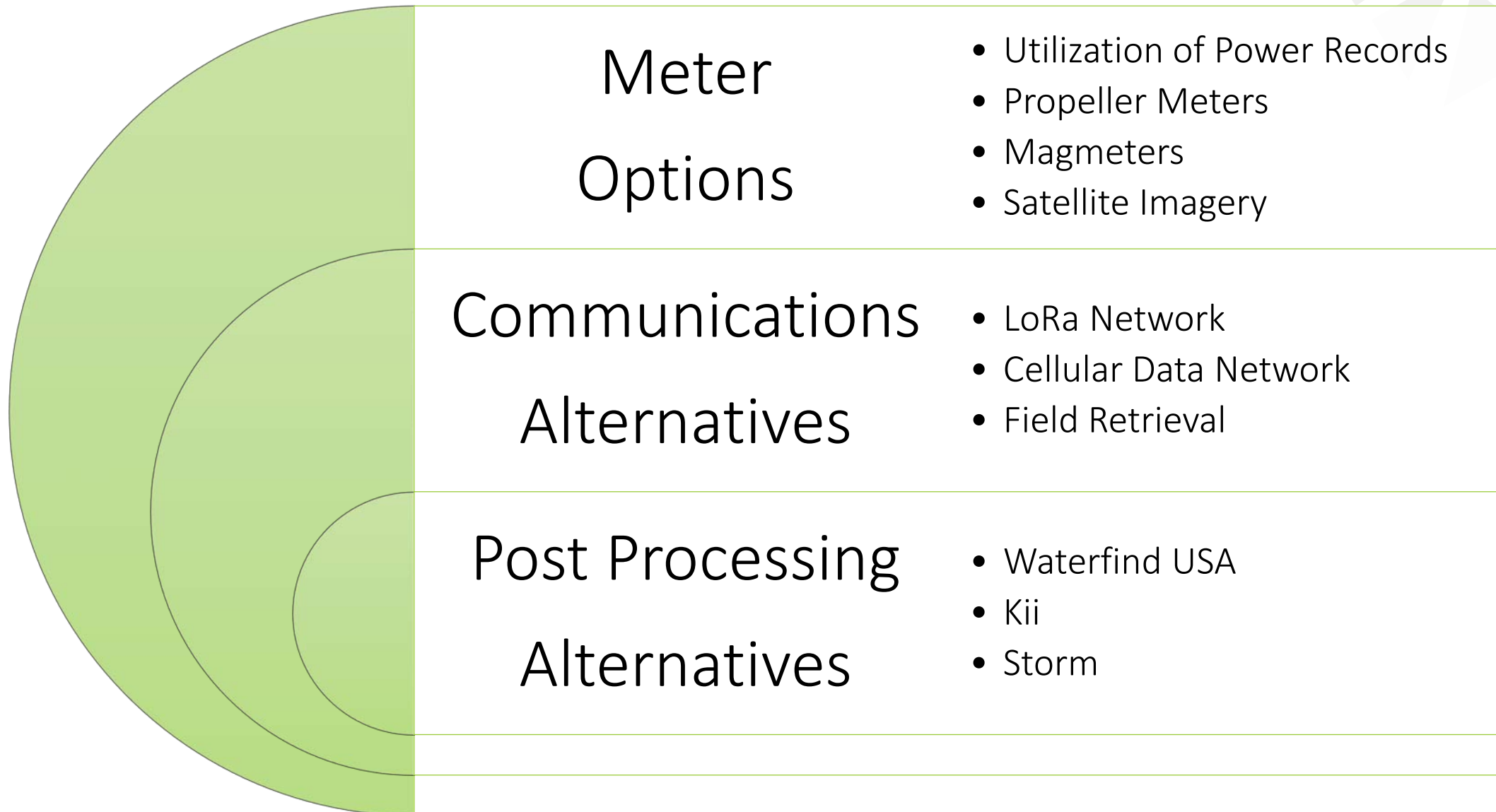
# Historical Depth to Groundwater In Tulare ID



# Groundwater Metering Context

- Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA) §10725.8 Measurement Devices and Reporting
  - May require the use of a water-measuring device
  - All costs of water-measuring device borne by owner/operator
  - May require annual statements from owner/operator
  - May use any other reasonable method for measurement
- Pumping data used for:
  - Annual reporting (aggregated)
  - Tracking of Pumping Allocations
  - Penalties in the event of exceedance of pumping allocations
  - Water budgets
- Other MKGSA members currently measure at the extraction point and at the use
  - Tulare Irrigation District must identify a water-measurement method
    - Coordinates with other MKGSA members
    - Coordinates with other Kaweah Sub-Basin members

# Preliminary Metering Options





# District Groundwater Well Survey

- July 2017 – Intern conducted a visual survey of groundwater wells
  - Survey from public roads
  - No groundwater well measurements were taken
  - Approximately 60 groundwater wells had existing meters

	6"	8"	10"	12"	Unknown	Total
Groundwater Well Discharge Sizing	92	292	204	12	177	777

# Utilization of Energy Records

- Utilizing energy bills and pump characteristics you can estimate groundwater pumping
- Subject to accurately knowing pumping depth and pump efficiency
- Accuracy Range: 7-10% +/-
- Implementation through District efforts or vendor (PowWow Energy)
- Cost Estimate
  - Development: \$160,000 to \$250,000
  - Annual: \$330,000+



# Propeller Meters

- Velocity of water rotates propeller that turns shaft that creates pulse
- Totalizer/registers indicate flow and volume
  - Can be outfitted with elec. output signals
- Wear and tear lead to mechanical failures
  - Requires robust maintenance program
- Accuracy: +/- 2%
  - Straight pipe requirement upstream and downstream
  - Straightening vanes can improve accuracy
- Implementation
  - Landowner Installation
  - District Installation
- Maintenance Program is critical
- Cost Estimate
  - Development Costs: \$4.36 million
  - Annual Costs: \$250,000



# Magmeters

- Water moves through a magnetic field creating a voltage that is proportional to the velocity of the water
  - Voltage is converted to flow and volume
  - Transmitter converts signal for output
- Must be installed with straight pipe requirements upstream and downstream
- Accuracy: +/- 1% or less
- Flanged or Insertion Alternatives
- Cost Estimate
  - Development Costs: \$3.32 million
  - Annual Costs: \$150,000



# Satellite Imagery

- KDWCD ET Study
  - Crop ET determined by remote (satellite imagery)
  - Using Crop Consumptive Use Fraction (CCUF) they could model the pumping extractions
  - Aggregated accuracy at approximately 7%
- Cal Poly ITRC
  - Using same approach to determine ET
  - Use the Crop ET to establish a consumptive allocation
    - Not vetted or approved by DWR
- Costs Estimate
  - Development Costs: \$60,000 - \$100,000
  - Annual Costs: \$10,000 - \$40,000





# Data Acquisition



## Field Acquisition

- District Staff field collects data from 800 wells
- Data can be physically field recorded or downloaded
- Fairly time intensive operation by a dedicated staff



## LoRa Network

- Long range, low power, cost effective wireless network
- Central Valley Senet network
- Battery powered (7-10) Years



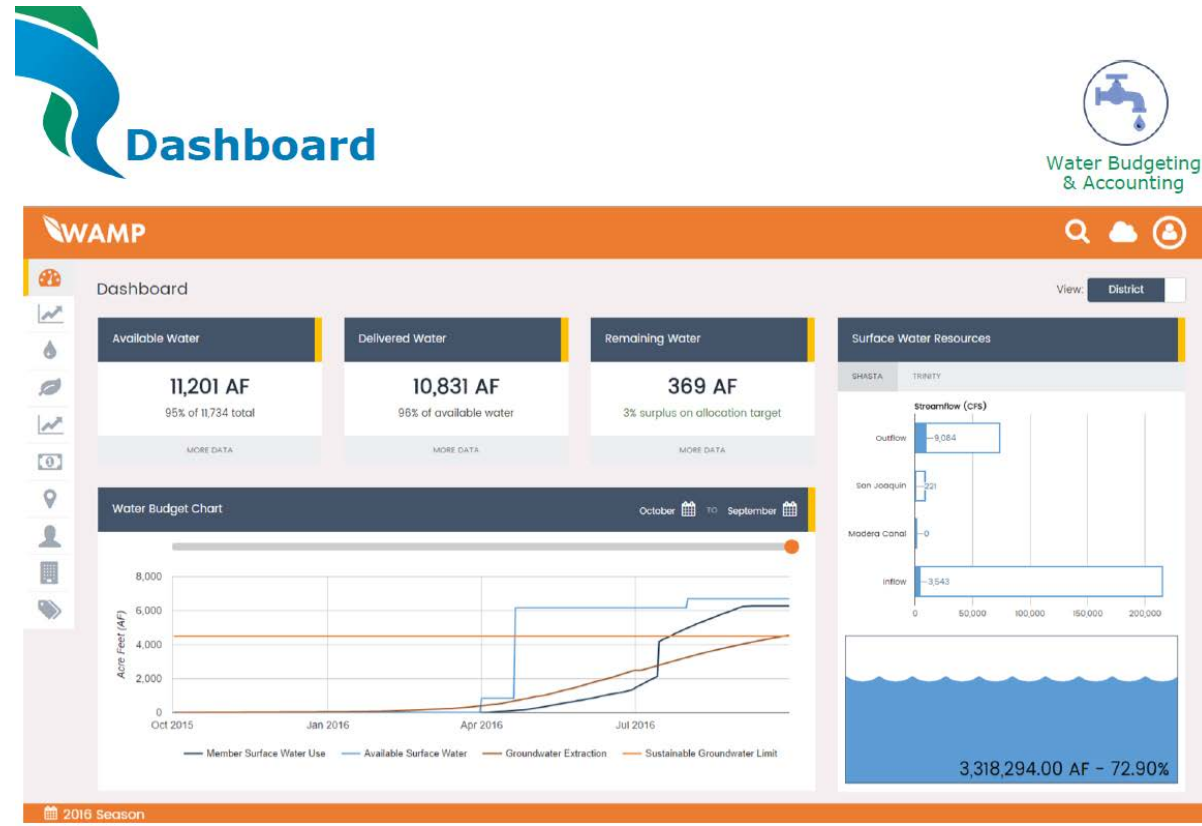
## Cellular Network

- Verizon network with modems for each well
- Monthly data charges (expensive)
- Equipment costs are fairly expensive



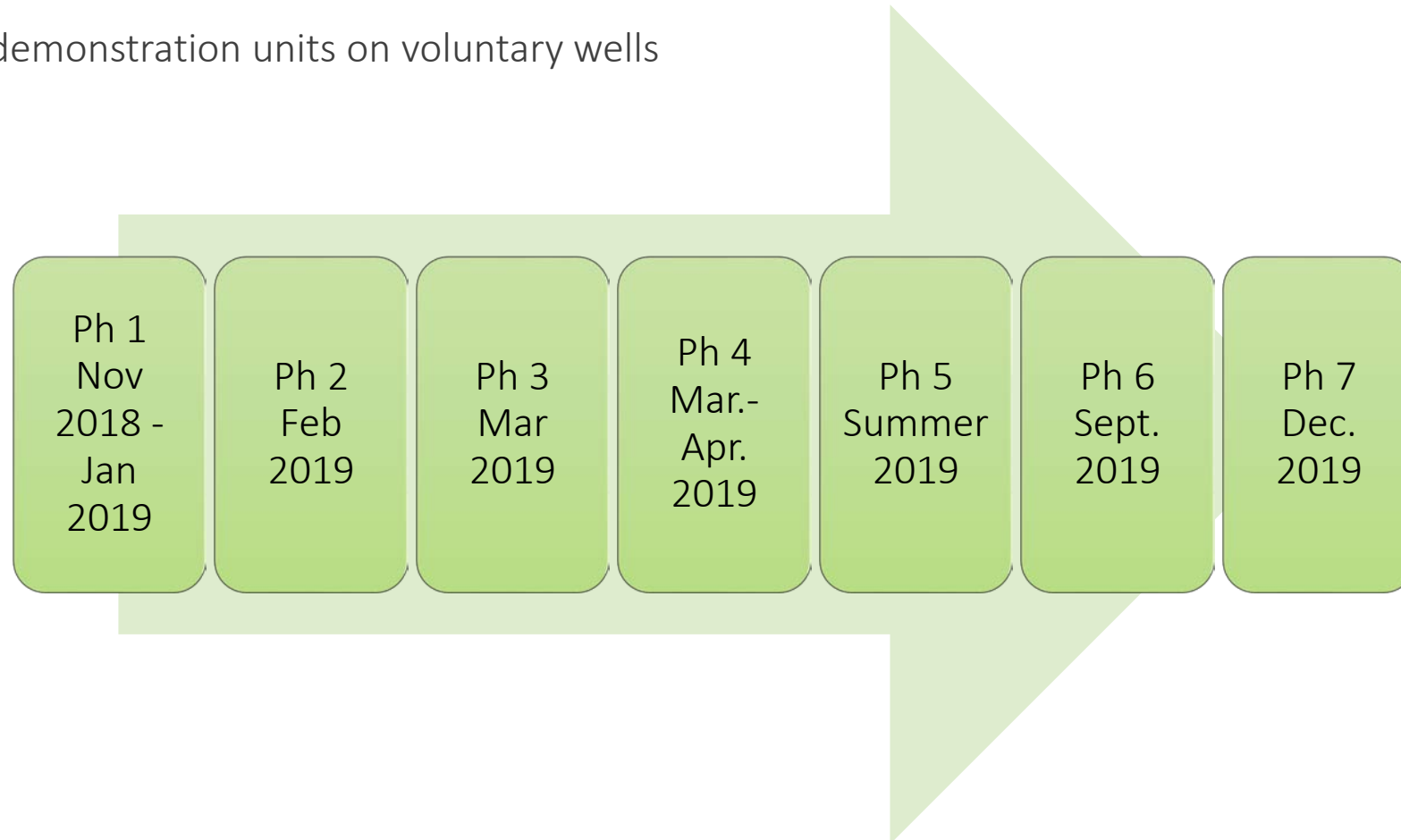
# Post-Processing Software

- Once a method is identified for measuring or estimating groundwater pumping how do you maintain and display the information?
- No SGMA specific software developed
- Researched:
  - Waterfind USA
  - Kii
  - STORM



# Groundwater Measurement Demonstration Project

- Phase 1 – Identify Demonstration systems for measurement of groundwater extraction
- Phase 2 – Develop and present Groundwater Measurement 2018/19 Demonstration Scope of Work and Budget
- Phase 3 – Acquire demonstration units
- Phase 4 – Install demonstration units on voluntary wells



# The Tulare ID Solutions



## Groundwater Recharge Basins

Martin Basin, Swall Basin,  
Cordeniz Basin, Okieville  
Basin  
  
Total = 230 Acres



## On-Farm Recharge

Grower participation in  
on-farm Recharge: 2017  
had 600 Acres and  
achieved 6,800 AF in 3  
months  
  
GRAT Tool and Crop Buy-  
Out Program



## Surface Water Storage Projects

Temperance Flat Reservoir  
&  
McKay Point Reservoir



## Groundwater Market

Groundwater credit  
program to allow for the  
marketing of credits for  
ability to forgo  
groundwater pumping







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Thank You

